IDC MarketScape

IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Customer Communications Management 2020 Vendor Assessment

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THIS IDC MARKETSCAPE EXCERPT FEATURES SMART COMMUNICATIONS

IDC MARKETSCAPE FIGURE

FIGURE 1

IDC MarketScape Worldwide Customer Communications Management Vendor Assessment

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Please see the Appendix for detailed methodology, market definition, and scoring criteria.

**IN THIS EXCERPT**

The content for this excerpt was taken directly from IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Customer Communications Management 2020 Vendor Assessment (Doc #US45439320). All or parts of the following sections are included in this excerpt: IDC Opinion, IDC MarketScape Vendor Inclusion Criteria, Essential Guidance, Vendor Summary Profile, Appendix and Learn More. Also included is Figure 1.

**IDC OPINION**

**Digital Transformation in Communications**

Digital transformation (DX) has had a major impact on the world of communications. The trend over the past 10 years has been to reduce costs associated with outbound communications and printed documents, such as statements or notices, largely with replacement by electronic delivery – but not completely. In a recent IDC survey, we found that while batch printing has gone down, on-demand printing has gone up; the onus is shifting from the company sending printed output to the customer requesting printed output. The demand for personalized and tailored communications to an individual’s preferred channel is at an all-time high. IDC has seen increasing customer interest in on-demand correspondence and interactive conversations via social, web, and SMS channels. As such, the traditional automated document generation software used for structured batch document output is transitioning to autonomous intelligent communications agents that help organizations adopt more interactive digital conversations.

**Modernizing the Architecture**

The growing demand for dynamic, real-time communications and faster document generation has many customer communications management (CCM) vendors modernizing their architecture and shifting to the cloud. CCM vendors are introducing new technologies, such as artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML), intelligent process automation (IPA), natural language processing (NLP), and conversational interfaces (e.g., Siri, Alexa, or Cortana) to support new business groups and their communication requirements across a variety of formats, file types, and devices. There are two primary architecture types observed in the CCM market that define how the solution is developed, packaged, and utilized. Some organizations use both types: one for composition and another for delivery. There are benefits and drawbacks to both approaches such that buyers need to understand which type of solution suits their needs:

- **All-in-one communications platform**: All-in-one communication platforms tend to be more expensive and difficult to implement due to the breadth of capabilities in the portfolio. Like other enterprise applications, CCM platforms require coordination within an organization’s IT ecosystem or cloud strategy with oversight by IT for maintenance and upgrades. Communication platform vendors include Hyland, OpenText, ISIS Papyrus, Syncsort, Quadrant, and Smart Communications.

- **API-first automated document generation (ADG)**: These systems tend to be easier to implement and less expensive, offering more flexibility in purchased functionality and integration to existing systems. To leverage an API-first platform, organizations must have
adequate IT resources on hand to manage the integrations and configurations. Automated document generation applications, especially those that take an API-first approach, are the basis of headless and microservice architectures. Document generation vendors include Adobe, Cincom, Conga, Messagepoint Inc., Nintex, Striata, Unifiedpost, and XMPlie Inc.

This IDC MarketScape includes vendors from both the platform and API-first model. We focused our evaluation on core capabilities of authoring, processing, delivering, and reporting. Applications that focus on particular industries (e.g., insurance) or business roles (e.g., sales and marketing) tend to have fewer features and capabilities compared with a CCM platform. Industry or role-based applications have a focused road map and specialization of features that accommodate their users’ needs, which requires less customization than a more generalized ADG system. End users tend to prefer these specialized CCM applications for their ease of use and level of value received.

We also looked at the shift to cloud-based solutions. According to IDC’s Customer Communications Management Survey, December 2019, 67% of respondents have already deployed or are actively implementing CCM in the cloud. A few vendors already offer SaaS- or cloud-based solutions, while the remaining vendors are actively rearchitecting for the cloud with containers and microservices for easier deployment.

**Addressing Customer Engagement or Empowering Employees**

Another characteristic of the CCM market is the business initiative by which the platform or application is measured. First is the focus on the customer experience (CX). IDC’s Customer Communications Management Survey found that improving CX was the number 1 business goal of their CCM solution. In the survey, 27% of the respondents stated their CCM solution was used to ensure the customer experience is engaging, their brand is easily recognized, and access points and communications are standardized. The shift an organization makes to support CX includes mapping the customer journey to identify when to invoke personalized video, voice of the customer analysis, interactive conversations, animated promotions, click to pay links, ADA-compliant audio, mobile QR codes, and much more. IDC estimates that by 2023, 65% of consumers will be using voice, images, and augmented reality for interacting with brands via their mobile device, extending the physical and digital experiences. CCM vendors that place emphasis on CX have heavily invested in features that help marketing teams to better engage their customers.

There is also shifting support in favor of empowering the employees with easy-to-use tools that upskill users without reliance on IT. Specialized applications tailor the user experience to generate documents and communications within the context of a task, use case, or business value stream. ADG vendors have invested in the salesperson's experience, making it easy to generate documents on demand directly from within Salesforce. Some CCM vendors bring subject matter expertise to their offering, such as honing the insurance agent experience to automatically generate quotes and correspondence at scale. Other CCM vendors are bringing the creative marketer into the fold, with interactive forms and communications in context of a campaign.

Organizations that seek to unify the communications stack in concert with business applications should consider a communication platform that provides packaged integrations, open standards, and regulatory compliance. Some vendors have invested in templates, processes, and content to support industry or vertical solutions, such as healthcare solutions, regulated business processes, and case management. Payment processing and identity authentication solutions require additional development as does automating secure digital document delivery from data supplied by custom or enterprise applications.
IDC MARKETSCAPE VENDOR INCLUSION CRITERIA

The vendor inclusion list for this document was designed to accurately depict the vendors that are most representative of any given customer communications management or automated document generation buyer’s selection list. Vendors were then surveyed and further investigated to ensure that the offerings qualified with both capabilities and strategies related to the CCM market, and the vendor had won recent CCM deals.

Critical to this research effort was for the vendor to meet the inclusion criteria. Any vendor participating in this IDC MarketScape had to showcase that it met the following:

▪ Reported a minimum $10 million in combined on-premise license revenue and cloud-deployed annual recurring revenue
▪ Had customers in production for at least 12 months as of December 1, 2019
▪ Provides basic templates, authoring, workflow, delivery, and analytics capabilities for batch document output, on-demand communications, and interactive correspondence
▪ Provides advanced capabilities to leverage 3rd Platform technologies (e.g., cloud, mobile, artificial intelligence, advanced analytics, and/or machine learning) in the following areas: user interface (UI), administration, security, authentication, and interoperability
▪ Customer reference surveys and interviews that rated the vendor on its support and product performance in usability, interoperability, customer service, strategy, and cloud provisioning

ADVICE FOR TECHNOLOGY BUYERS

CCM technology is evolving, in terms of both advance functionality and the inclusion of innovation accelerators such as AI and cloud deployments with microservice architectures. Legacy investments, limited budgets, business disruption, and fear of vendor lock-in lead many organizations to avoid going all in on a single communications hub, even though it may offer the most comprehensive set of capabilities to meet a variety of communication needs across business roles. CCM point solutions are designed to get business users up and running quickly and can be effective in streamlining operations, updating processes, and faster time to market.

For buyers with a cloud-first strategy, CCM applications in the cloud should provide a solid return on investment that benefits from cloud elasticity and scaled performance that align with business goals. The vendor should provide the services and support to get you up and running quickly and continue to monitor your progress to success. Training and continuous education should be available as guided tutorials, hands-on training, and in-app new feature help. Key metrics to look for that measure success in the cloud include direct business revenue (e.g., the ability to send statements out in minutes with links to pay direct and avoid delay in payment processing), cost efficiencies, and productivity improvements, which give knowledge workers the ability to work faster and with fewer errors.

Organizations should ask the following questions:

▪ What file types does the vendor support for ingesting and exporting data and how well does it match the data interoperability needed to integrate to existing applications?
▪ What type of template and communication authoring design environment is supported? Is it a visual desktop, web browser, mobile interface, or embedded into another application?
▪ How easy is it for the application to import existing content to automatically create reusable and roles-based templates, content objects, or document types?

▪ Does the application include a library of industry-tailored templates, content types, and workflows to streamline the communication authoring and delivery activities?

▪ How well does the application handle delivery output across print, email, social, IoT, and third-party applications? Does the system ensure delivery with prioritized failover options based on customer preference and reports to audit success?

▪ Does the application include basic content approval workflows, advanced workflow with callout to third-party applications, such as eSignature, or progressive journey mapping or campaign activity? How easy is it to create, edit, and update the workflows?

▪ What level of volume throughput (e.g., pages, emails, or messages per hour) is benchmarked for structured/batch or ad hoc on-demand/interactive output?

▪ How many default reports are provided with the system and how easy is it to add new ones?

▪ Does the vendor provide a dedicated customer success resource to help design, configure, implement, and use the software?

▪ What is the vendor's current and future plans for cloud deployment types: public cloud, private cloud, hybrid, multitenant, or single tenant?

▪ How flexible is the pricing model to add more users, capacity, or new capabilities? Can I add new users, capacity, or capabilities on demand and instantly see the update?

▪ Which region-specific certifications has the vendor obtained for data, application, and cloud security? Are there business agreements in place to support regulatory requirements important to my industry?

▪ How well does the solution integrate with internal and external systems via packaged connectors (Salesforce, Guidewire, Workday, SAP, etc.)? What type of APIs does the solution support for custom integration development?

▪ How easy is it to provide a great mobile experience for my customers/end users? Does the system support responsive design, HTML5, or native mobile applications?

▪ What is the guaranteed system uptime, allowing for minimal scheduled downtime, in the vendor's service-level agreement (SLA)?

▪ What is the release cadence for new product updates?

▪ What does the vendor innovation strategy look like for the next three to five years? Will there be support for AI, conversational interfaces, personalized video, chatbots, NLP, or headless communications?

**VENDOR SUMMARY PROFILES**

This section briefly explains IDC's key observations resulting in a vendor's position in the IDC MarketScape. While every vendor is evaluated against each of the criteria outlined in the Appendix, the description here provides a summary of each vendor's strengths and challenges.

For brevity of public cloud naming, refer to these terms: Amazon Web Services (AWS), Microsoft Azure (Azure), Google Cloud Platform (GCP), and IBM Cloud (IBM). Average implementation time is based on a basic out-of-the-box install and configuration of the software.
Smart Communications

Smart Communications is positioned in the Leaders category in this 2020 IDC MarketScape for the customer communications management market segment.

Smart Communications is a privately held company, founded in 2004 and is headquartered in Hertfordshire, England. SmartCOMM, is a cloud-based, next-generation CCM platform with a focus on putting more control into the hands of consumers and engaging them in interactive, two-way conversations.

Quick facts about Smart Communications:

- **Employees:** 300
- **Global footprint:** Customers in 20 countries
- **CCM industry focus:** Insurance, financial services, and healthcare
- **Ideal CCM customer size:** Upper midmarket to large enterprises
- **Average implementation time:** 2-4 weeks
- **Public cloud:** Multitenant SaaS on AWS
- **Pricing model:** Subscription based
- **CCM partner ecosystem:** In multiple countries across two or more continents
  
  Interesting fact: Smart Communications estimates that 50 billion conversations have been facilitated between its clients and their end customers to date. SmartCOMM is used to communicate to more than 125 million credit card users on an ongoing basis – scaling the conversations related to $2+ trillion in annual spend. Smart Communications estimates that $1 billion of trade is negotiated through its platform daily.

**Strengths**

As one of the traditional CCM platforms to transition early to a full multitenant SaaS solution, Smart Communications' customers can take advantage of the benefits that only a cloud-based solution can provide. Running on AWS, Smart Communications offers blue-green deployment options, elasticity, and access to over 40 microservices and AI services in SmartCOMM. Customer references interviewed for this document stated that upgrades have been smooth with the availability of a cloud test preview environment. Smart Communications’ Conversation Cloud framework offers integrations to other market-leading customer experience technologies to reduce orphaned silos of content and provide a more complete view of the customer. The Conversation Cloud is further enhanced by the interactive forms’ capabilities made available through its recent acquisition of Intelledox. Smart Communications has a deep technical partner ecosystem and is expanding its partnerships with systems integrators as well. Partners can contribute code and solutions to Smart Communications’ Conversation Cloud Marketplace, which offers a selection of prebuilt accelerators and plug-ins for download or referral to partners such as Pega or DocuSign. Smart Communications endeavors to upskill business users to create templates with advanced features such as voice and chat without the dependency on technical IT resources. SmartCOMM's Conversation History brings contextual learning of all interactions, including data ingested from other applications, to drive a next-best interaction. Insights can be displayed via SmartCOMM, Intelledox, or external reporting tools such as Tableau.
Challenges

While the SmartCOMM product has a long history in the market under its previous Thunderhead moniker, Smart Communications as a brand is still relatively new to CCM buyers. Smart Communications' legacy clients still running on-premises high-volume batch processes may find it difficult to transition to a high-touch on demand or interactive conversation; choosing instead to remain on an unsupported version of the product or straddling inconsistencies in functionality between the cloud and on-premises platforms. Smart Communications demands a premium price for its premium solution. Customers have realized a positive ROI after a few years. Smart Communications will need to either adjust its pricing model or increase its base feature set as other CCM platform vendors enter the cloud market. Areas to enhance include: the addition of advanced content authoring, delivery, and workflow augmented by AI; personalized video; industry-specific content objects to support integration accelerators; simplifying the template build process; and broadening support for more languages and ingestion data formats and document types.

Consider Smart Communications When

Consider Smart Communications when you are a midsize or large company in a highly regulated industry, such as insurance, healthcare, or financial services, that seeks a cloud-first strategy and needs document templates to be easily updated by non-IT staff to improve compliance to ever-changing regulatory requirements. Organizations that desire less reliance on IT staff or need to reduce touch points to move from static document generation to more interactive communication methods may find Smart Communications a good fit.

APPENDIX

Reading an IDC MarketScape Graph

For the purposes of this analysis, IDC divided potential key measures for success into two primary categories: capabilities and strategies.

Positioning on the y-axis reflects the vendor's current capabilities and menu of services and how well aligned the vendor is to customer needs. The capabilities category focuses on the capabilities of the company and product today, here and now. Under this category, IDC analysts will look at how well a vendor is building/delivering capabilities that enable it to execute its chosen strategy in the market.

Positioning on the x-axis, or strategies axis, indicates how well the vendor's future strategy aligns with what customers will require in three to five years. The strategies category focuses on high-level decisions and underlying assumptions about offerings, customer segments, and business and go-to-market plans for the next three to five years.

The size of the individual vendor markers in the IDC MarketScape represents the market share of each individual vendor within the specific market segment being assessed. For this IDC MarketScape, vendor size was determined by IDC's 2018 Software Tracker and validated by each vendor on their revenue in the CCM market. For details regarding the vendors and size of the CCM market, see Worldwide Customer Communications Management Software Market Shares, 2018: Adding Intelligence to New Channels of Communication (IDC #US45394119, August 2019).
IDC MarketScape Methodology

IDC MarketScape criteria selection, weightings, and vendor scores represent well-researched IDC judgment about the market and specific vendors. IDC analysts tailor the range of standard characteristics by which vendors are measured through structured discussions, surveys, and interviews with market leaders, participants, and end users. Market weightings are based on user interviews, buyer surveys, and the input of IDC experts in each market. IDC analysts base individual vendor scores, and ultimately vendor positions on the IDC MarketScape, on detailed surveys and interviews with the vendors, publicly available information, and end-user experiences in an effort to provide an accurate and consistent assessment of each vendor's characteristics, behavior, and capability.

Market Definition

CCM solutions enable organizations to economically generate customized documents, communications, or notifications (in batch, interactively, or on demand) with timely, accurate, and relevant information that is tailored to the needs of a specific target audience/recipient and delivered in multiple output formats. The nature of customer communications management (CCM) solutions is to accommodate a wide range of data inputs, including integration to document management, archive, workflow, forms, business applications (ERP, CRM, SCM, HRM, etc.), and other adjacent technologies to facilitate communication composition and delivery. CCM's strength is generating a variety of output (e.g., documents, communications, messages, interactive tasks) to a range of delivery channels (e.g., print, email, SMS, voice, applications) in multiple formats (e.g., HTML, XML, CSV, PDF, AFP) tailored to any audience or recipient (e.g., customers, citizens, employees, partners, suppliers, chatbots, machines). Intelligent CCM solutions will take input from digital signals (e.g., internet of things [IoT] devices or video analysis) or NLP to learn or use knowledge to achieve its goal, whether to send a simple SMS notification or generate a more complex multipage document. In detail:

- **All-in-one communications platform.** A single communications platform provides broad functionality that can be used for many different communications scenarios and handles the full range of data ingestion, template design, content composition, and multiple output delivery. It will handle structured batch document generation, on-demand communications, and the more ad hoc dynamic and personalized interactive correspondence. The platform may be modular in design, offering buyers purchasing options or it can be a single system with configurable components. It also offers packaged integrations to other enterprise or industry business applications, capture, process, or analytics tools.

- **API-first automated document generation.** It includes streamlined applications for the purpose of fast composition and delivery of generated document output. Often taking an API-first approach to access native functionality or augment the system with third-party capabilities, these systems are highly tuned to the ingestion of data or preformatted documents for high volume delivery.

- **Batch communications.** Structured transactional output is typically scheduled for large volume processing and delivered primarily via print channels or digitally via PDF in email. Generally, these static formatted communications are run in scheduled batches to send service notices to customers such as invoices, statements, or compliance-related documents (e.g., terms and conditions).

- **Cloud native.** The software is designed and built to take full advantage of the cloud architecture often associated with microservices for large distributed networks such as cloud. Apps are containerized and actively orchestrated for increased agility and ease of maintenance of the application. Apps are paid for as you go via a subscription model.
- **Cloud enabled.** A traditional on-premises application is deployed into a cloud environment as a delivery model. The application has not been rearchitected for the cloud.

- **Company size segments.** The segments are small business, 10-100 employees; lower midmarket, 100-500 employees; upper midmarket, 500-1,000 employees; and enterprise, 1,000+ employees.

- **Document.** Document is defined as any container for business information. It can be paper or digital, and it can be structured like a form or unstructured like a report. In addition to any type of paper format, documents include email, text messages, instant messages, and web posts. Documents can be text or images – an x-ray or another medical image is a document. A web page may also be considered a document.

- **Capture.** Core functionality of capture includes the cleanup and preprocessing of scanned images, conversion of images to machine-readable text (optical character recognition [OCR], intelligent character recognition [ICR], etc.), document classification, categorization and indexing, and intelligent extraction.

- **Document and records management.** Document management functionality includes version and access control, metadata creation and management, and search. Records management functionality includes records declaration, creation and maintenance of file plans and retention schedules, automated enforcement of retention schedules, and support for regulatory compliance. Solutions typically include workflow engines (e.g., for document routing and task management) and may include case management frameworks.

- **Hybrid cloud.** A cloud computing environment uses a mix of private cloud and public cloud services with orchestration between the platforms, allowing data and applications/solutions to be shared between them.

- **Interactive communications.** These communications often have ad hoc digital requests requiring human interaction to initiate the generation of the correspondence. Output includes custom content with a preset structure that leverages templates, preselected or reusable content for personalized output via multiple channels (e.g., web, mobile, email, SMS, and chat) with bidirectional capabilities to enable interaction such as drill down charts, responsive data collection, or dynamic rendering of variable elements. Examples include welcome kits or delivery tracking notices.

- **On-demand communications.** These are automatically generated dynamically upon request (on-demand) from the customer, chatbot, or other application to deliver unscheduled communications based on variable data fields, templates, or conditional logic to present the user or application an individualized communication. These communications can be batched for distribution but are not typically scheduled or preset. Examples include online quotes or receipt requests.

- **Private cloud.** Private clouds are delivered on dedicated hardware (compute, storage, and network) that is not shared across multiple distinct customers. Dedicated hardware can be also virtualized or bare metal, but in either case, the entire system (physical compute and storage plus virtual private network) is used only by a single customer and cannot be reallocated to another customer in less than 1 hour.

- **Public cloud.** Utilizing shared infrastructure is virtualized hardware that is used concurrently by multiple customers as well as bare metal hardware, which can be quickly (<1 hour) reallocated to another customer.

- **Software as a service (SaaS).** Software is built for multitenancy and delivered and consumed as a service through a one-to-many model. The software is centrally managed and updated.
across all users, accessed by users remotely via the web, and offers self-service functionality. Apps are paid for as you go via subscription pricing.

**Market Analysis**

CCM historically has been focused on outbound communication. Inbound communication is about engaging the customer in context of a journey. Today's consumers want to engage with organizations in a meaningful and personal way, but usually only have a few channels – typically sales or support – that will speak to them, often with preset reasons. Traditional finance and operations teams that used CCM software to send batches of billing statements has given way to marketing and sales teams supporting self-service campaign registration notices or digital contracts. Organizations look to provide omni-channel, or rather opti-channel (optimized channel of engagement based on the user preference), communication to improve the customer experience and streamline correspondence both with standalone communications (e.g., email, SMS, or printed document) and in-app alerts or notices. Print communication will remain relevant for years to come as business operations continue to depend on paper processing and consumers favor the paper medium, at least until a compelling event occurs, such as a "paperless" regulation mandate. CCM platforms will support the printing of shipping labels and signage, such as traffic signs, and support the transition to digital screens that can withstand extreme weather conditions. The gig economy is driving faster output delivery and more agile content and personalization than ever before. The gig worker requires mobile-first and shorter, real-time communications for both casual courtesy notifications (appointment reminders) and regulatory business transactions (pay now, fraud alerts, and case status).

In the role of a headless (embedding the application engine behind another application's user interface) or autonomous intelligent communication agent, the system would direct activity toward processing and delivering communications from any number of connected applications. The headless or communication agent approach is new to CCM, which may introduce longer sales cycles due to the education involved and gaining consensus from multiple business stakeholders. However, it will allow for faster implementation times with a modernized cloud approach. The role of a centralized communication hub offers organizations a means to facilitate all communications to the customer with consistent branding and up-to-date information. One of the biggest challenges with communications is the disconnected silos of information various business systems maintain yet do not share with other applications. The customer experience is impacted when a marketing campaign sends its own email with a promotion to purchase a new product accessory at the same time the finance team is sending a cancellation of services notice. Funneling all communications through a central communications agent can not only reduce miscommunications but also ensure brand and regulatory compliance is in check. From a CX perspective, organizations want to be able to aggregate and prioritize notifications to avoid spamming its customers, moving from high-volume to high-value communications. With insight to the amount of data to be communicated to the customer and taking into account the customer's metering (once a day) and timing (after 5 p.m.) needs, communications can be queued for delivery. For example, important fraud alerts would be sent immediately, renewal notices next, and expiring marketing promotions to follow.

Content analysis, such as understanding the voice of the customer through tone and sentiment, or identifying fields of an ingested document, can influence the layout, format (such as font size or color), actions (pay now buttons or marketing promotions), and many other determinates in the final output. With CCM integrated into customer journey mapping and knowledge networks, marketing campaigns and just-in-time communications can be triggered based on recognition of specific actions or customer interactions. As AI becomes more pervasive, generating templates and content recommendations
based on a few inputs will become the norm. IDC predicts that by 2023, 45% of Global 2000 B2B/B2C enterprises will exploit smart personalization for context-based customer engagement, utilizing AI, big data, and conversational computing. Smart personalization quickly identifies the customer’s reason for contact, the related issues, and the accurate projection of their needs based on customer content, history, activity, and intention discovery.

For now, vendors are taking the first step to modernize architectures, prototype machine learning tasks, and introduce modularity with microservices and cloud support. Running CCM in the cloud is not a new concept, but for traditional print-heavy organizations, moving to the cloud will require learning about new pricing models, certifications and security, and managing data privacy and data sovereignty across regions. Some CCM vendors have already made the transition to the cloud and are able to accommodate these new sets of requirements across architecture, application, and user levels.

Regarding the buyer choice in CCM architecture, survey data and customer reference interviews revealed that the communication platforms had a wider set of capabilities native to the portfolio, while the ADG applications had depth and specialization to their advantage. For example, from customer reference interviews, we found that it is more practical for smaller regional insurance agencies to generate formatted documents directly from the policy system and use an ADG to streamline the high-volume batch delivery. Sales and marketing teams were also more likely to use a specialized ADG function that was embedded within their daily work tools, such as Salesforce. Organizations that had customer experience initiatives or unique environments found the CCM platforms offered more choice and control in their IT ecosystem. IDC’s Customer Communications Management Survey found that the five key integrations to a CCM solution were team collaboration (e.g., Microsoft Teams, Slack), creative tools (e.g., Microsoft Word, Google G Suite), analytics tools, shared drives (e.g., Microsoft OneDrive, Box, Dropbox), and digital workspaces/portals/websites. Many organizations are driven by a need for better CX and are transforming their communication processes to connect with their customers in the channel of their choice. At a minimum, organizations should consider what their future digital interactions require and align that with a CCM vendor with similar road map and vision.

**Related Research**

- *IDC's Forecast Scenario Assumptions for the ICT Markets and Historical Market Values and Exchange Rates, 4Q18* (IDC #US43652019, April 2019)
Synopsis

This IDC study provides an assessment of the principal customer communications management applications and presents the criteria most important for companies to consider when selecting a customer communications software solution. This assessment discusses both quantitative and qualitative characteristics that explain success in automated document generation and the authoring and delivery of customer-related communications and correspondence. The evaluation is based on a comprehensive and rigorous framework that assesses vendors relative to the criteria and one another. The study highlights the factors expected to be the most influential for success in the market during both the short term and the long term.

"Generating print output has given way to digital communications, where the customer experience has influenced how, when, and where the communication is received," says Marci Maddox, research director of IDC’s Enterprise Content Strategies program. "Technology buyers should envision what they need in terms of customer communications in 5+ years and consider solutions that will scale and innovate in areas such as AI and cloud services. Whether you are looking to consolidate all communications through an intelligent communications agent or streamline document generation through a tailored application, the solution should support a modern framework for the years to come."
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